

Ultra-broadband Acoustic Barrier based on Hyper-dampened Fano resonance

Huy Nguyen¹, Sharon Tracy², Guoliang Huang¹

¹ Department of Mechanical & Aerospace Engineering, University of Missouri, Columbia, MO 65211, United States.

² Materials Innovation, Steelcase Inc., Grand Rapids, Michigan 49508, United States of America

Ultra-broadband sound reduction schemes covering living and working noise spectra are of high scientific and industrial significance. Here we report, both theoretically and experimentally, on an ultra-broadband acoustic barrier assembled from space-coiling metamaterials (SCMs) supporting two Fano resonances. Moreover, acoustic hyper-damping is introduced by integrating additional thin viscous foam layers in the SCMs for optimizing the sound reduction performance. A simplified model is developed to study sound transmission behavior of the SCMs under a normal incidence, which sets forth the basis to understand working mechanism. An acoustic barrier with 220 mm thickness is then manufactured and tested to exhibit ultra-broadband transmission loss(TL) overall above 10 dB across the range 0.44–3.85kHz, covering completely nine third-octave bands. In addition, unconventional broadband absorption in the dampened barrier (65%) are experimentally observed as well. We believe this work paves the way for realizing effective broadband sound insulation, absorption and sound wave controlling devices with efficient ventilation.